

ENVIRONMENT DAY 2026





EELS

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University of Hull

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REDEEM project re-cap

Jonathan Bolland and
Ros Wright




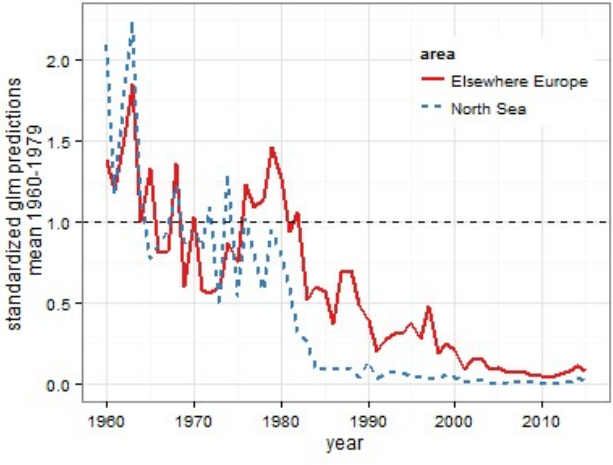


European eel...




NOT EVALUATED	DATA DEFICIENT	LEAST CONCERN	NEAR THREATENED	VULNERABLE	ENDANGERED	CRITICALLY ENDANGERED	EXTINCT IN THE WILD	EXTINCT
NE	DD	LC	NT	VU	EN	CR	EW	EX






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European eel and pumping stations

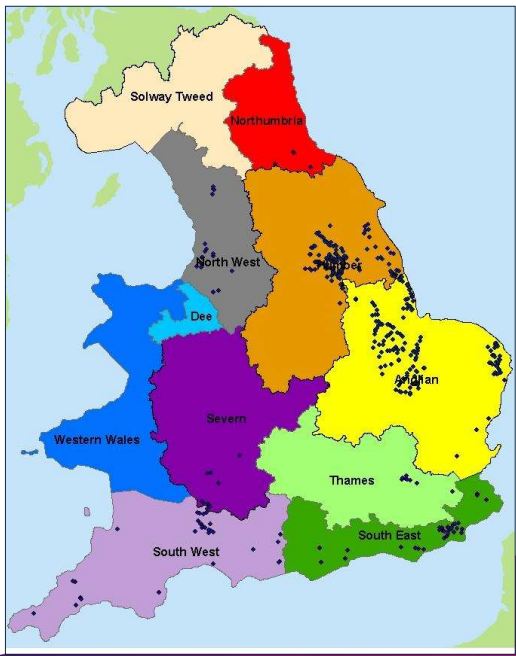
COUNCIL REGULATION (EC) No 1100/2007
of 18 September 2007
establishing measures for the recovery of the stock of European eel

2009 No. 3344
FISHERIES, ENGLAND AND WALES
RIVER, ENGLAND AND WALES
The Eels (England and Wales) Regulations 2009




International Council for
the Exploration of the Sea
Conseil International pour
l'Exploration de la Mer

- all non-fisheries related anthropogenic mortalities should be reduced to zero.
- the quantity and quality of eel habitats should be restored



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Moving water up hill

Lift river water to a higher


Management implications:
Unique hydro-ecological impacts
and remediation measures

Upstream

1

100%

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Future requirement for pumping stations


Climate change = more frequent and extreme rainfall events

Climate change = Sea level rise

Population growth in coastal and low-lying areas

Increased flood-risk management, including pumping stations


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REDEEM project: **R**esearch and **D**evelopment of fish and **E**el **E**ntrainment **M**itigation at pumping stations

Provide evidence-based cost-effective solutions for reducing the environmental impact of pumping stations and hydropower turbines, and achieving compliance with Eel Regulations and other legislation

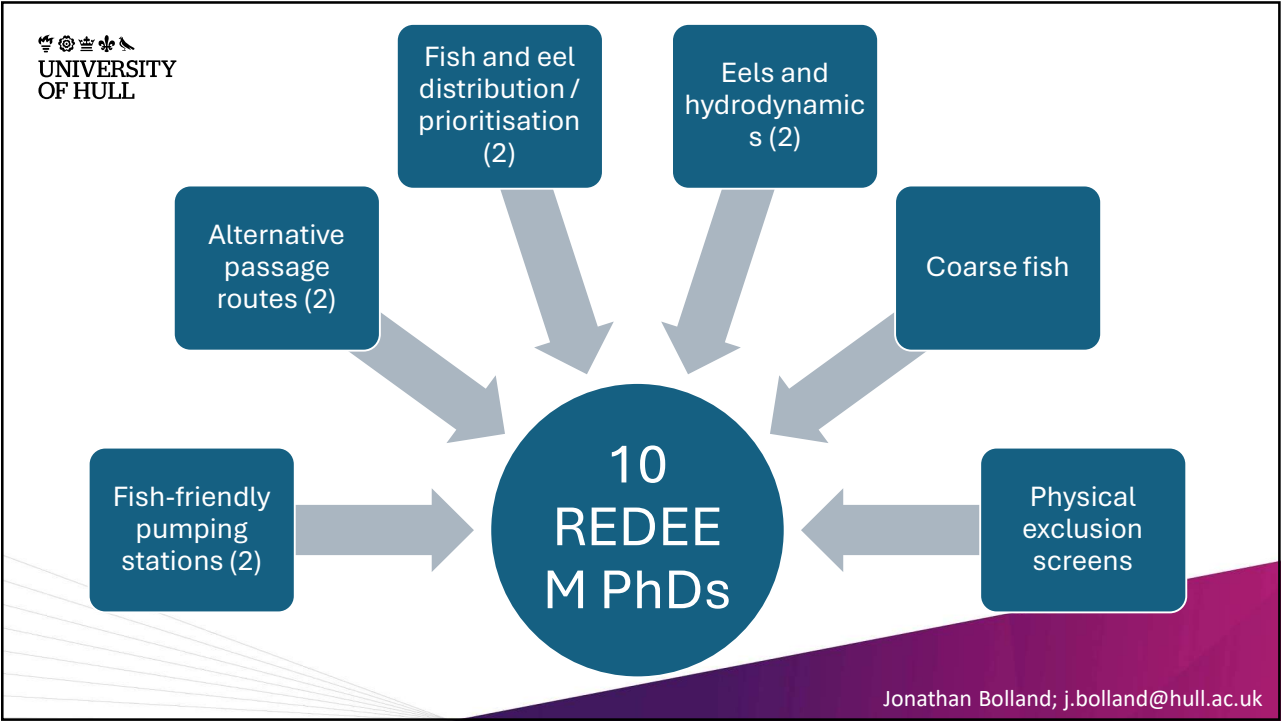



Environment Agency



Representing Drainage Water Level & Flood Risk Management Authorities

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How it all started...


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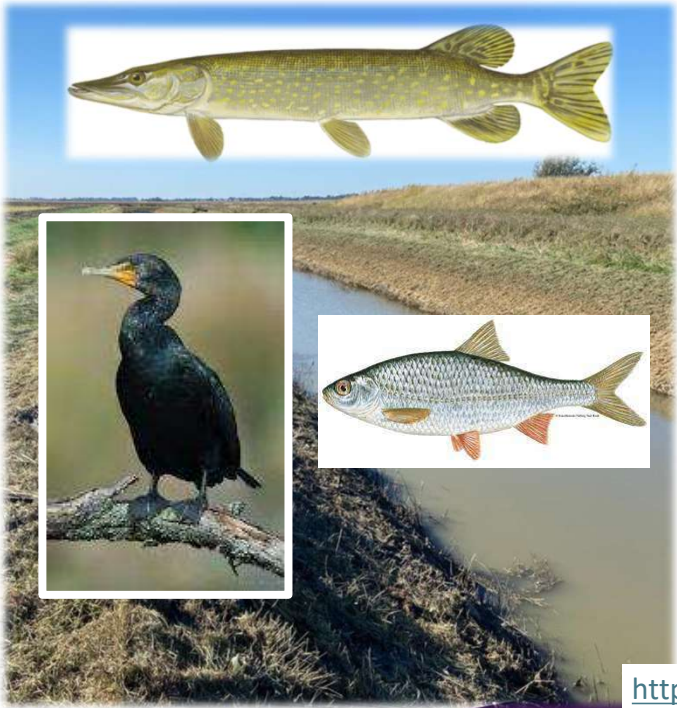
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Knowledge of how fish and eels interacted
with pumping stations

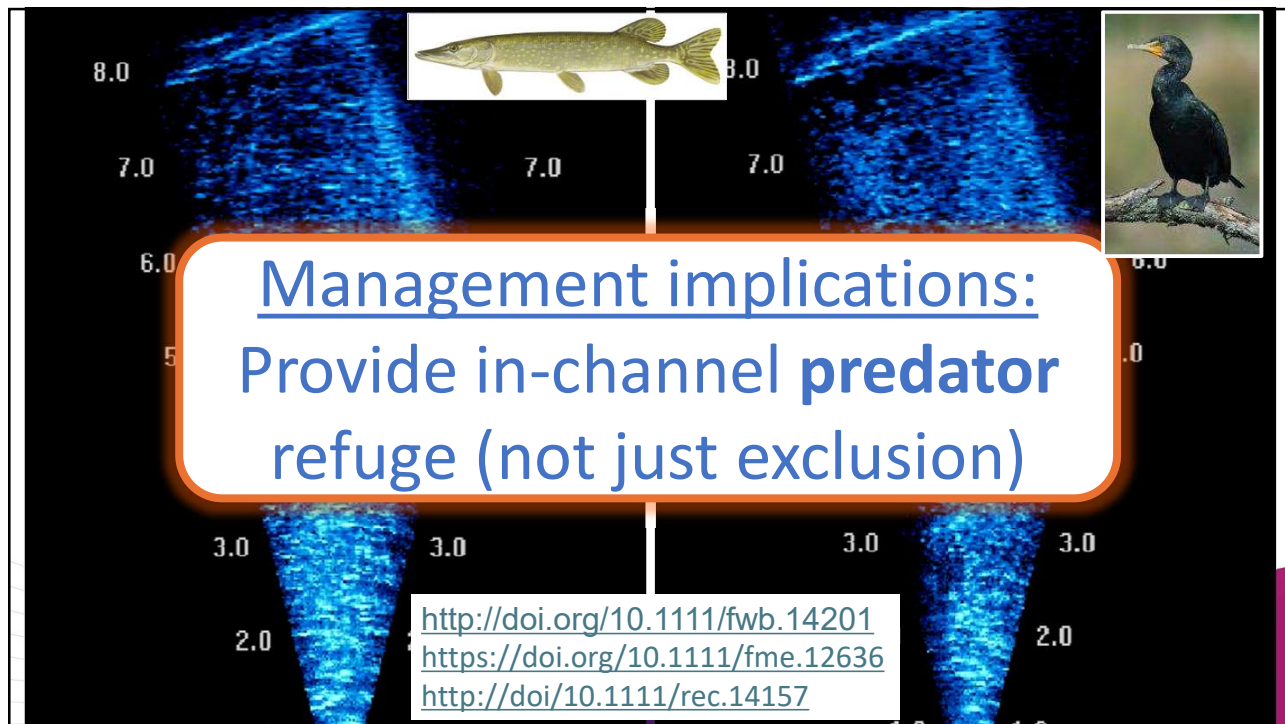
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Predator refuge





<https://doi.org/10.1016/j.jenvman.2023.117716>





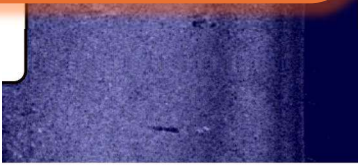
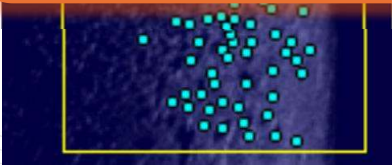
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Extreme pump operation = No flood but very fast flows!



void of fish

Management implications:
Provide in-channel or laterally connected **flow** refuge



<https://doi.org/10.1111/fme.12636>

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Mortality



Management implications:
The vast majority of traditional
pumping stations killed eels

“The majority of eels were alive but exhibited extreme lethargy, loss of balance and laboured gill movements. External damage was generally localised and did not appear significant. There was some significant gill damage, with heavy levels of aneurisms (burst blood vessels) being observed”

<https://doi.org/10.1111/fme.12312>

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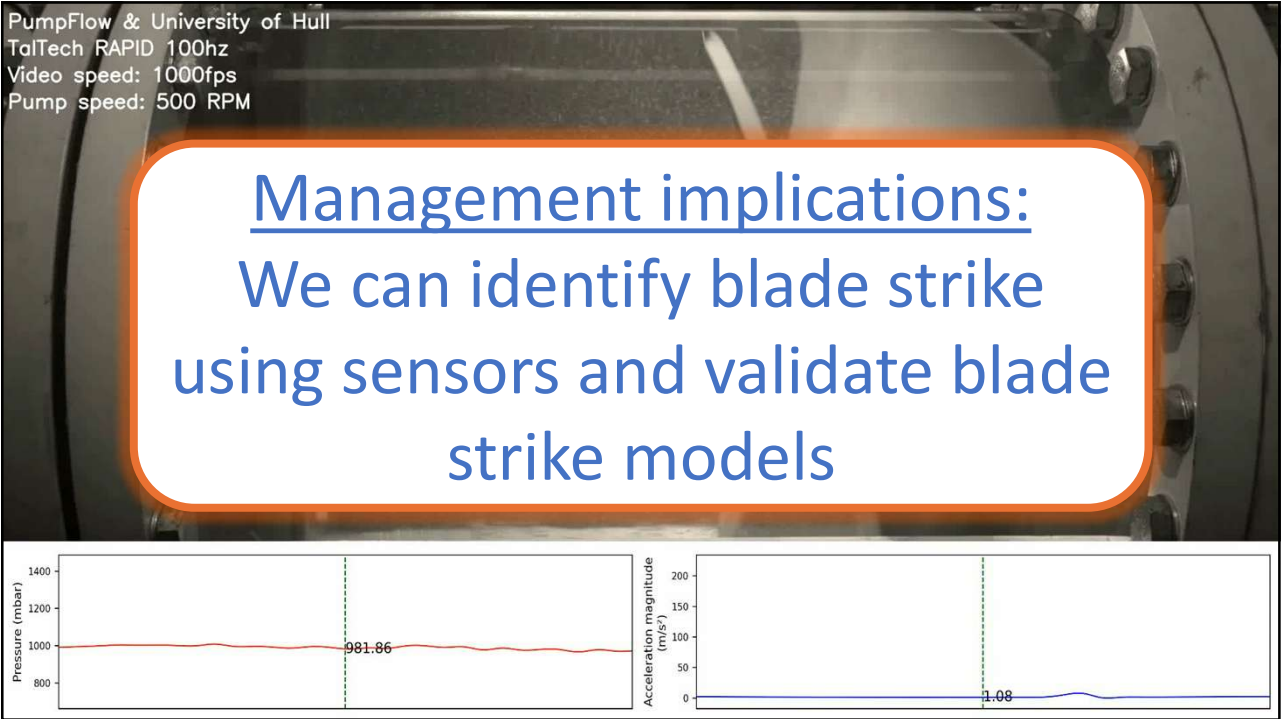
Assess the effectiveness of fish-
friendly pumps... and the entire
station



A view inside the black box!



Management implications:
We can provide real-world
validation fish-friendliness



Not just the pump



Management implications:
The entire pumping station
must be fish-friendly

<https://doi.org/10.1038/s41598-024-67870-5>

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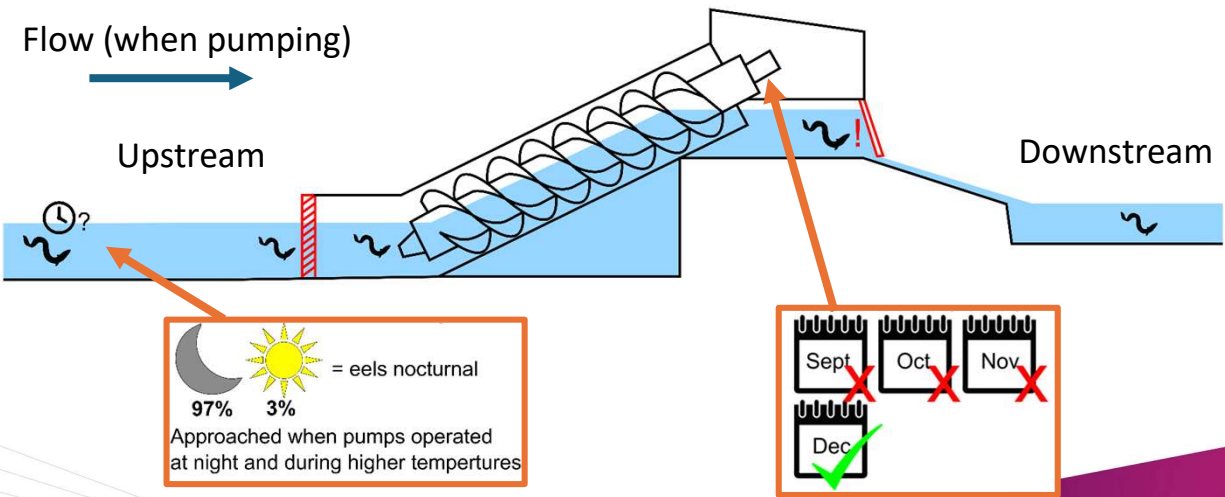
Let me help you...

Please **contact me** if you have
any site with FFP we can test
with sensors!

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Safe AND timely passage

Non-operation = barrier to migration



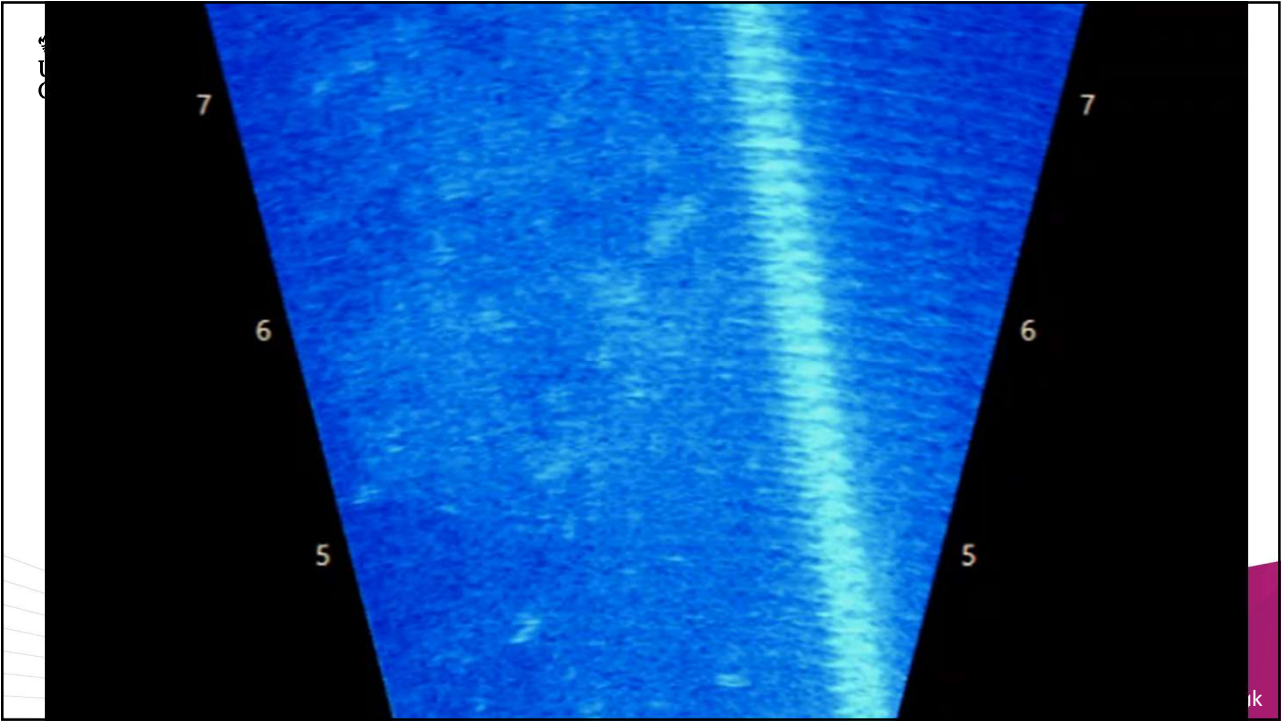
<https://doi.org/10.1038/s41598-024-67870-5>
<https://doi.org/10.1016/j.ecoleng.2024.107389>

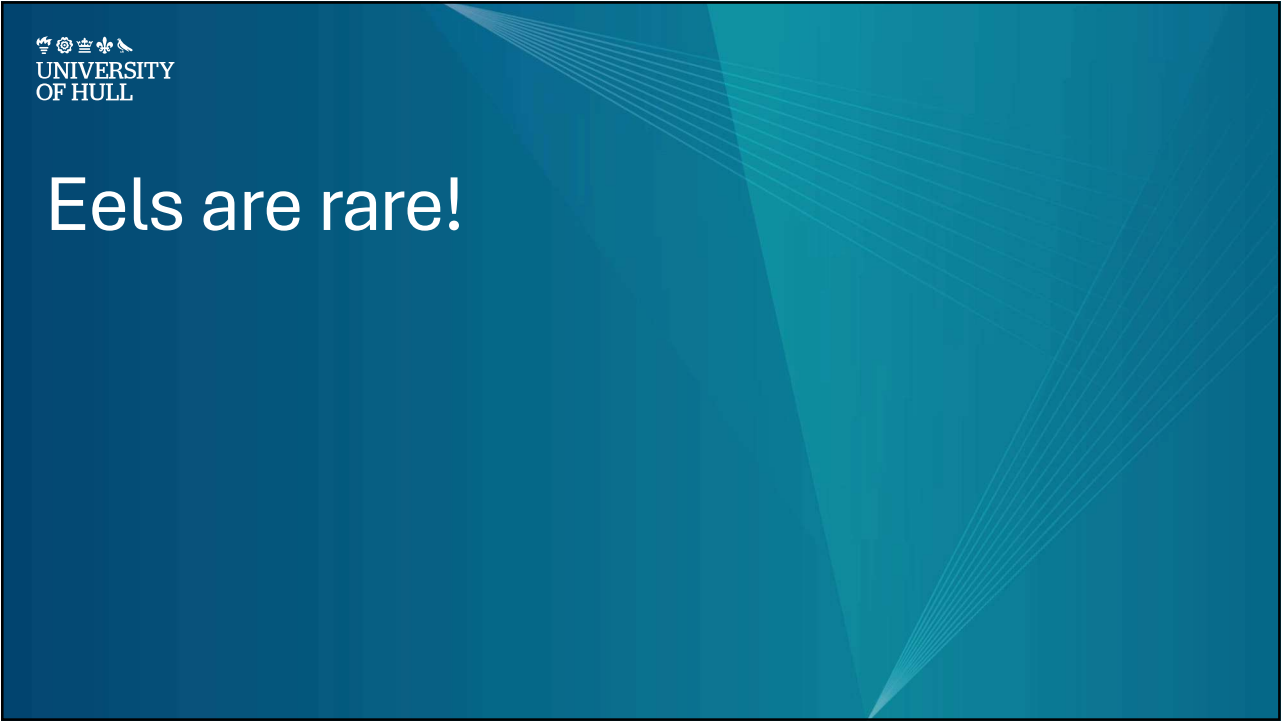
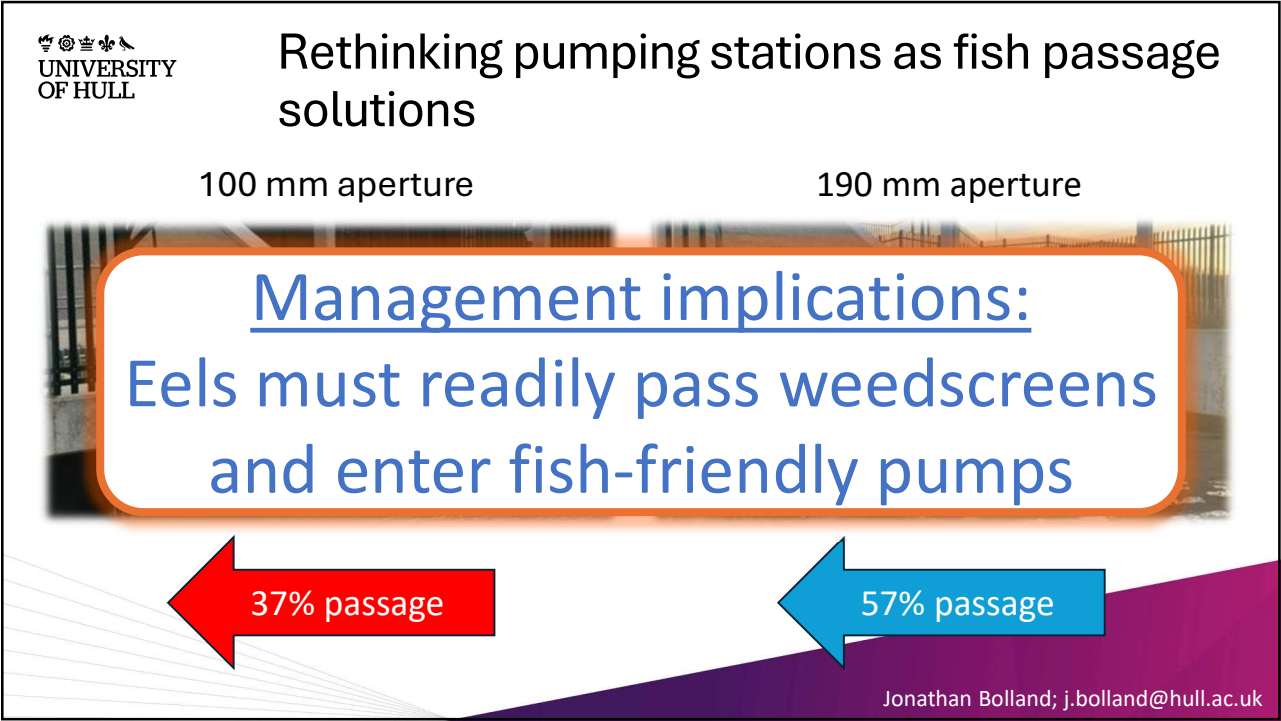
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Management implications:
Fish-friendly pump operation
must align with eel migration
(especially during drought years)

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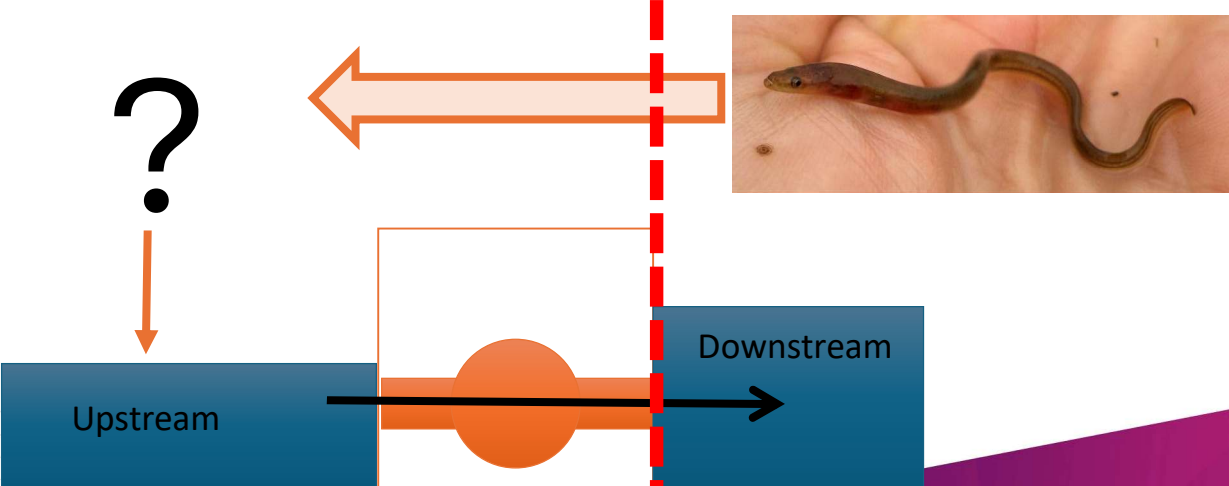






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Barrier to upstream migration



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Connectivity



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Habitat quantity and quality




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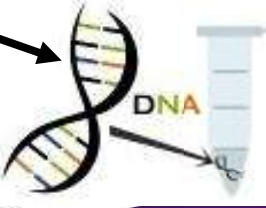



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eDNA versus traditional sampling




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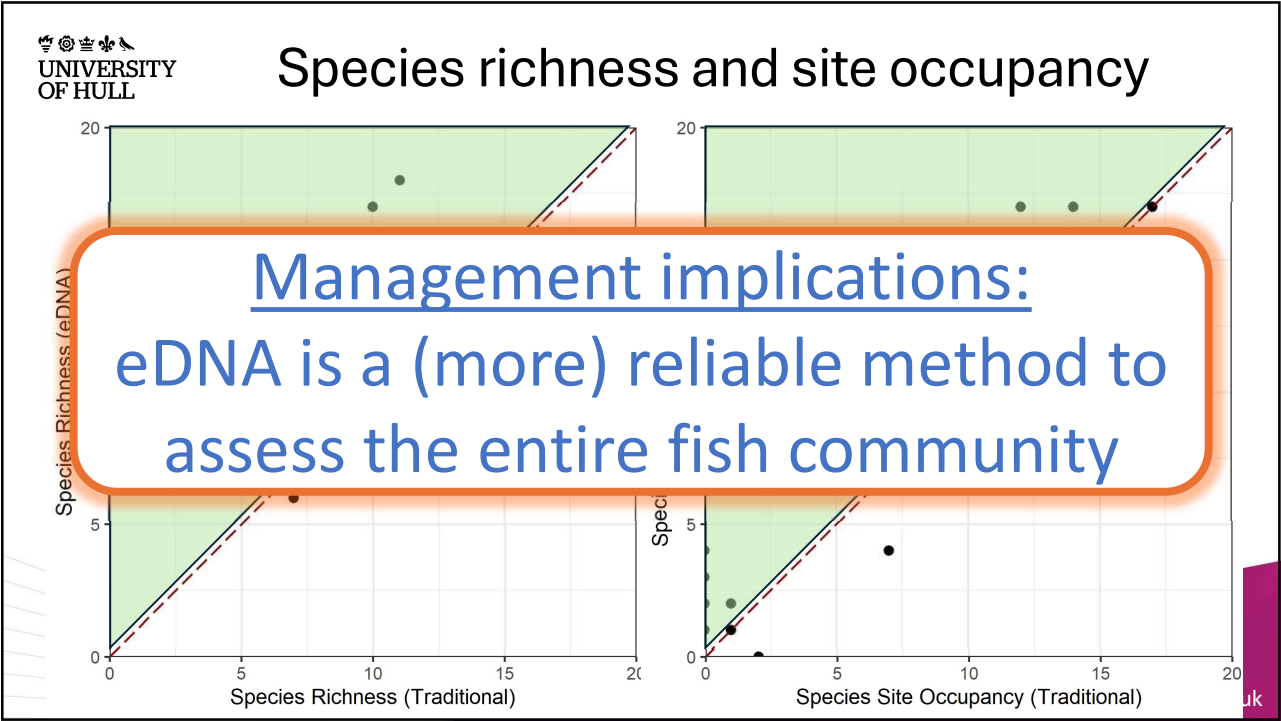
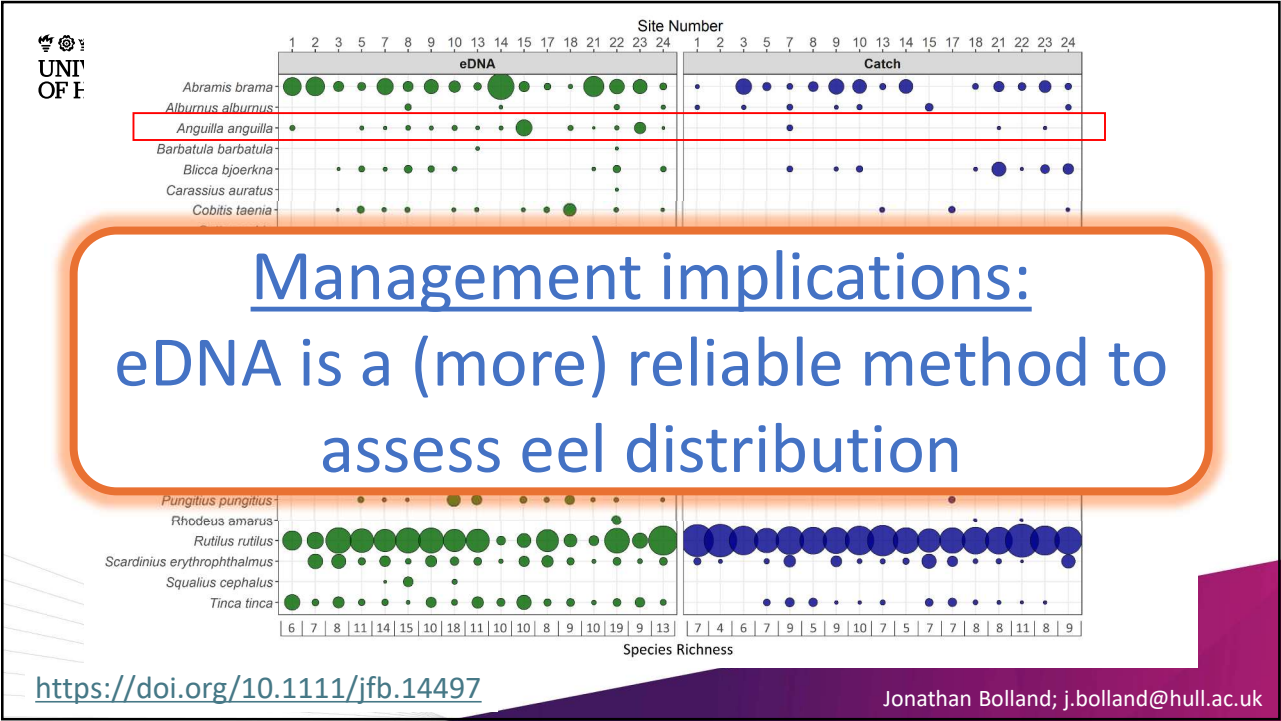


As species interact with the environment, DNA is shed
This DNA is referred to as Environmental DNA (eDNA)

- eDNA can be sampled, to identify species present in the watercourse.
- eDNA is increasingly recognised as highly sensitive and cost-effective



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Eels in the Fens (ongoing)

Wide-scale understanding of eel (and entire fish community) distribution



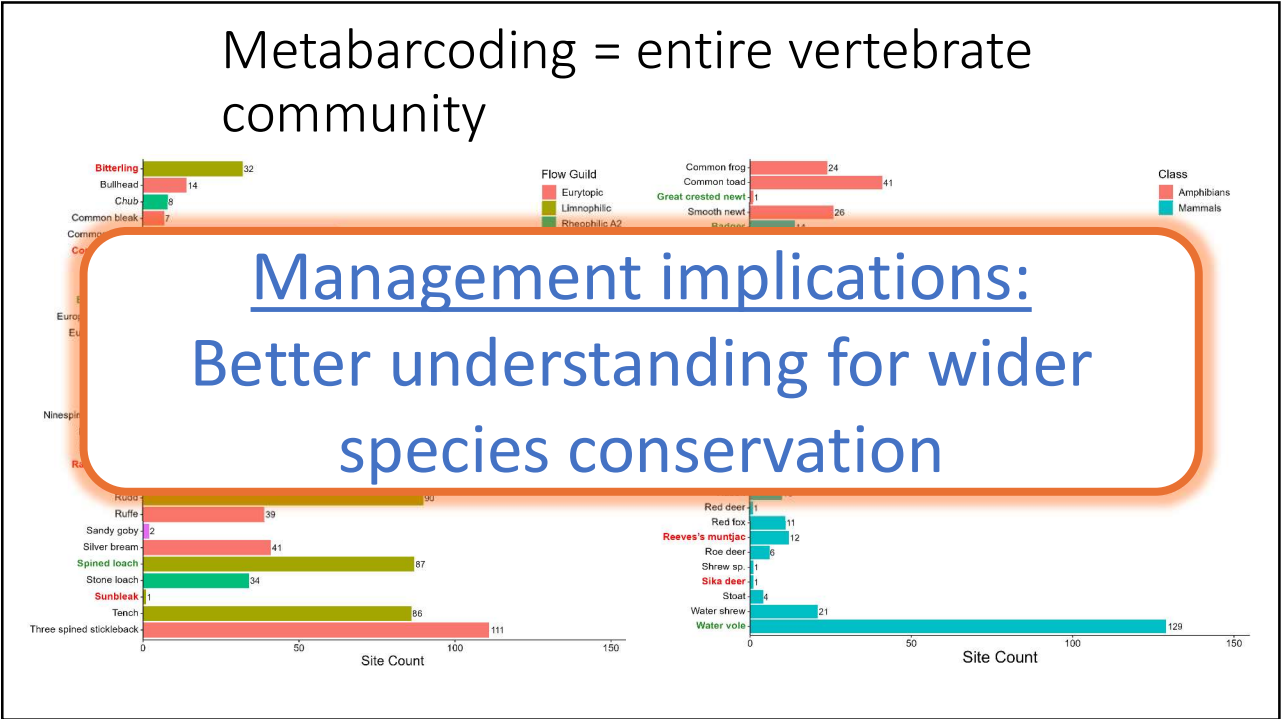
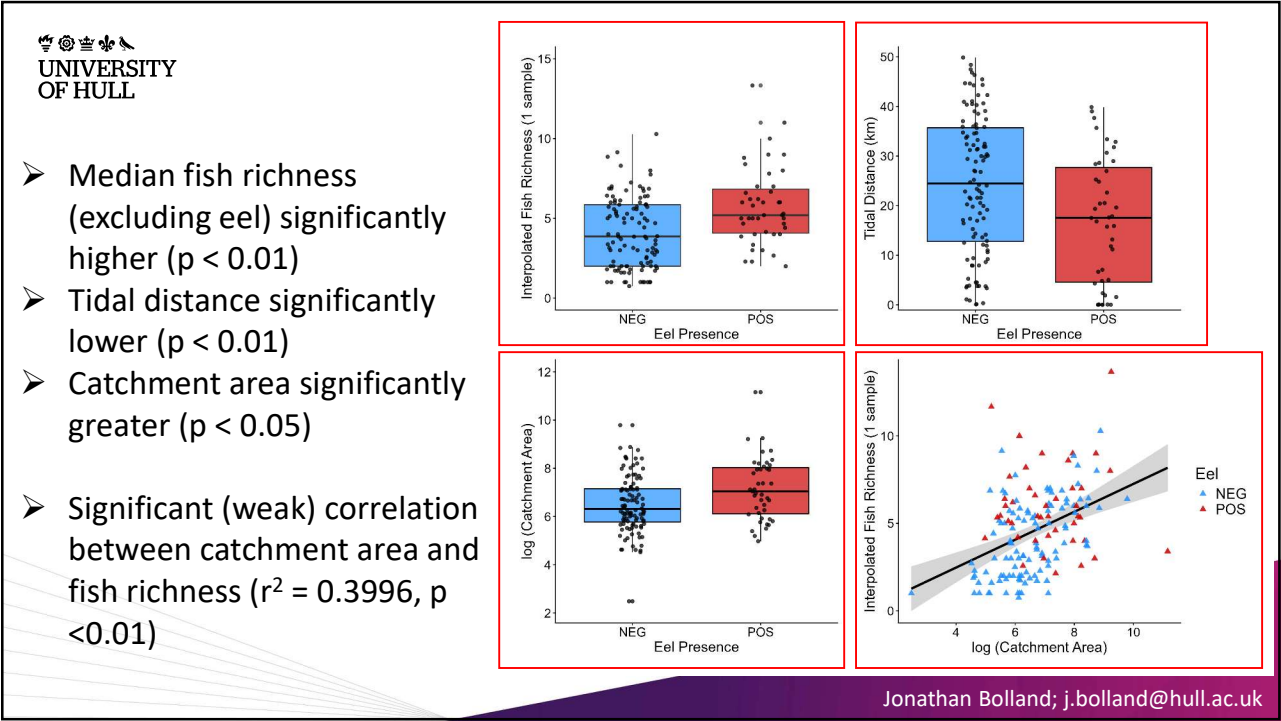
Objectives

- Determine eel presence/absence in each catchment
- Assess catchments for upstream and downstream eel passage remediation
- Optimise allocation of funds and resources



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REDEEM knowledge exchange event

2–3 June 2026 @ University of Hull

Sponsored by the Environment Agency, i.e. free to attend!

Presentations and discussions to deliver real-world benefits for practitioners, ranging from ecologists to asset managers and policymakers to engineers

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Thank you

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